



**Prospectus  
Precidian ETFs Trust**

Precidian ETFs Trust (“Trust”) is a registered investment company consisting of separate investment portfolios called “Funds.” This Prospectus relates solely to the following Fund:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Ticker Symbol</b>
MAXIS <sup>®</sup> Nikkei 225 Index Fund	NKY

The Fund is an exchange-traded fund. This means that shares of the Fund are listed on NYSE Arca, Inc. (“NYSE Arca”) and trade at market prices. The market price for the Fund’s shares may be different from its net asset value per share (“NAV”).

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

**July 28, 2015(As Amended and Restated October 1, 2015)**

**Not FDIC Insured**

**May Lose Value**

**No Bank Guarantee**

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## MAXIS® NIKKEI 225 INDEX FUND

### Investment Objective

The Fund seeks investment results that correspond (before fees and expenses) generally to the price and yield performance of its underlying index, the Nikkei Stock Average, commonly called the “Nikkei 225” (the “Underlying Index”).

### Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund (“Shares”). Investors purchasing Shares through a broker-dealer on a national securities exchange or in the over-the-counter market (the “Secondary Market”) may be subject to customary brokerage commissions charged by their broker which are not reflected in the table set forth below.

#### *Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment):*

No shareholder fees are levied by the Fund for purchases and sales made on the Secondary Market.

#### *Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):*

Management Fee	0.50%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.05%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.55%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement <sup>(a)</sup>	(0.05)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement	0.50%

<sup>(a)</sup> Precidian Funds LLC (the “Advisor”) has contractually agreed to reduce its management fees and to reimburse other expenses to the extent “Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses” (but excluding interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, other expenditures which are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund’s business, and amounts, if any, payable pursuant to a plan adopted in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act), as a percentage of average daily net assets, exceed 0.50% for the Fund through July 30, 2016. After such date, the expense limitation may be renewed, terminated or revised by the Advisor.

#### *Example:*

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, and that the Fund’s expenses are equal to the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement for the first year and the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses for the remaining years. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your approximate costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
	\$51	\$171	\$302	\$684

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 3% of the average value of its portfolio.

### Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its assets in the securities in its Underlying Index or in depositary receipts representing securities in its Underlying Index (“DRs”).

The Nikkei 225, which is published by Nikkei Inc. (the “Index Provider”), measures the performance of 225 highly liquid stocks traded on the large cap or “first” section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The components of the Underlying Index are given an equal weighting based on a par value of 50 Japanese Yen per share, whereby the prices of stocks with other par values are adjusted to also reflect a par value of 50 Japanese Yen per share. As of June 30, 2015, the Underlying Index’s three largest sectors were consumer

discretionary, industrials and information technology. As of June 30, 2015, the Underlying Index, which is considered diversified, was comprised of component securities with market capitalizations greater than 33.5 billion Yen (Unitika Ltd) that have a daily average traded volume of at least 7,730 shares per day (Sky Perfect JSAT Holdings) over the past three months. The total market capitalization of the Underlying Index as of June 30, 2015 was in excess of 372 trillion Yen.

*Indexing Investment Approach.* The Fund is not managed according to traditional methods of “active” investment management, which involve the buying and selling of securities based upon economic, financial and market analysis and investment judgment. Instead, the Fund, utilizing a “passive” or indexing investment approach, attempts to approximate the investment performance of the Underlying Index by investing in a portfolio of securities that generally replicates the Underlying Index. The Fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the Underlying Index and may, from time to time, engage in a representative sampling strategy.

### **Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund**

As with any investment, you could lose all or part of your investment in the Fund, and the Fund’s performance could trail that of other investments. The Fund is subject to the principal risks noted below, any of which may adversely affect the Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”), trading price, yield, total return and ability to meet its investment objective.

*Index Risk.* The performance of the Underlying Index and the Fund may deviate from that of the market the Underlying Index seeks to track due to changes that are reflected in the market more quickly than the Underlying Index, which will reconstitute its component securities only on an annual basis and will rebalance intermittently individual index component securities for corporate actions under the Index Provider’s methodology.

*Index Tracking Risk.* Although the Fund attempts to track the performance of its Underlying Index, the Fund may not be able to duplicate its exact composition or return for any number of reasons. To the extent the Advisor uses a representative sampling indexing strategy to manage the Fund, index tracking risk will be higher than if a replication strategy were implemented.

*Market Risk.* The prices of the securities in the Fund are subject to the risk associated with investing in the stock market, including sudden and unpredictable drops in value. An investment in the Fund may lose money.

*Risks of Investing in Japan.* The Underlying Index is comprised of securities of companies that are traded on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and domiciled in Japan. The risks of investing in the Japanese market include risks of natural disasters, lack of natural resources, reliance on trading partners (including the United States and Asian and European economies), national security, unpredictable political climate, large government debt, currency fluctuation and an aging labor force. The realization of such risks could have a negative impact on the value of securities of Japanese companies.

*Nikkei 225 Sector Concentration Risk.* The three largest sector concentrations of the Underlying Index are the consumer discretionary, industrials and information technology sectors. Consumer product companies are affected by interest rates, exchange rates, competition, and consumer confidence and preferences. Manufacturing companies may face supply and demand constraints and product obsolescence issues and can experience losses due to government regulations, environmental damage and product liability claims, and changes in exchange rates and commodity prices. Information technology companies are subject to risks of limited financing, competition, technological obsolescence and patent rights or regulatory approval delays.

*Currency Risk.* Because the Fund’s NAV is determined in U.S. Dollars, the Fund’s NAV could decline if the Japanese Yen depreciates against the U.S. Dollar.

*Risk of Investing in Depositary Receipts.* The Fund may invest in DRs, including certain unsponsored DRs. Both sponsored and unsponsored DRs involve risk not experienced when investing directly in the equity securities of an issuer. This includes the fact that the issuers of the securities underlying unsponsored DRs are not obligated to disclose material information in the U.S. and, therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the depository receipts.

*Valuation Risk.* Since the component securities of the Underlying Index principally trade on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, the value of the securities in the Fund’s portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund’s shares on the NYSE Arca.

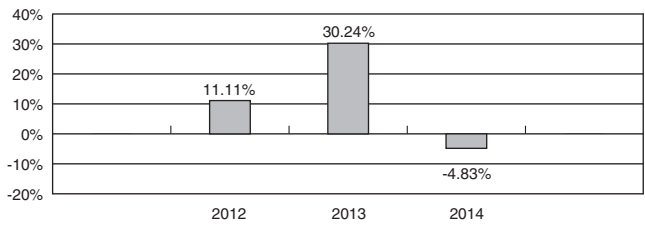
*Concentration Risk.* To the extent that the Underlying Index is concentrated in a particular industry, the Fund also will be concentrated in that industry. Concentrated Fund investments will subject the Fund to a greater risk of loss as a result of adverse economic, business or other developments than if its investments were diversified across different industry sectors.

*Equity Securities Risk.* Equity securities are subject to changes in value and their values may be more volatile than other asset classes, such as fixed-income securities.

*Exchange-Traded Fund Risk.* The Fund’s Shares may trade at a premium or discount to their NAV. Also, an active market for the Fund’s Shares may not develop and market trading may be halted if trading in one or more of the Fund’s underlying securities is halted.

**Performance**

The bar chart and table that follow show how the Fund has performed on a calendar year basis and provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund’s average annual total returns compare with those of the Nikkei 225 Index. Past performance (before and after taxes) does not necessarily indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. For current performance information, please visit the Fund’s website at [www.precidianfunds.com](http://www.precidianfunds.com).



For the period shown in the bar chart above:

Best Quarter (March 31, 2012): 11.89%  
 Worst Quarter (June 30, 2012): -7.49%

The year-to-date return as of the quarter ended June 30, 2015 is 14.06%.

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2014)	Since Inception		Inception Date of Fund
	One Year	of Fund	
<b>Before Taxes</b>	-4.83%	5.67%	July 8, 2011
<b>After Taxes on Distributions</b>	-4.95%	5.48%	=
<b>After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares</b>	-2.38%	4.53%	=
<b>Nikkei 225 Index*</b>	-4.54%	5.92%	=

\*Reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes.

Average annual total returns are shown on a before- and after-tax basis for the Fund. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor’s tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement plans. After-tax returns may exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit from realizing a capital loss on a sale of Shares.

**Investment Advisor and Sub-Advisor**

Precidian Funds LLC is the investment advisor to the Fund.

Northern Trust Investments, Inc. (“NTI” or the “Sub-Advisor”) serves as the sub-advisor to the Fund.

**Portfolio Managers**

Robert Anstine is a Vice President and Portfolio Manager of the Sub-Advisor. Mr. Anstine has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since October 2013.

Patrick Dwyer is a Vice President and Portfolio Manager of the Sub-Advisor. Mr. Dwyer has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since February 2014.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

Unlike conventional mutual funds, the Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in blocks of 500,000 Shares or whole multiples thereof (“Creation Units”). The Fund’s Creation Units are issued and redeemed principally in-kind for securities included in the Fund. Retail investors may purchase or sell Shares only in the Secondary Market. Shares of the Fund trade at market price rather than NAV. As such, Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

**Tax Information**

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income, dividend income or capital gains.

**Financial Intermediary Compensation**

If you purchase Shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Advisor or other related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## OVERVIEW

The Trust is an investment company consisting of one diversified investment portfolio, the MAXIS<sup>®</sup> Nikkei 225 Index Fund, that is an exchange-traded fund (“ETF”). ETFs are funds whose shares are listed on a stock exchange and traded like equity securities at market prices. An ETF, such as the Fund, allows you to buy or sell shares that represent the collective performance of a selected group of securities. Index ETFs are designed to add the flexibility, ease and liquidity of stock-trading to the benefits of traditional index fund investing. The Fund seeks investment results that correspond (before fees and expenses) generally to the price and yield performance of its Underlying Index.

Shares of the Fund are listed and trade at market prices on the NYSE Arca. The market price for a Share of the Fund may be different from the Fund’s most recent NAV per Share. Similar to shares of an index mutual fund, each Share of the Fund represents a partial ownership in an underlying portfolio of securities intended to track a market index. Unlike shares of a mutual fund, which can be bought and redeemed from the issuing fund by all shareholders at a price based on NAV, Shares of the Fund may be purchased or redeemed directly from the Fund at NAV solely by Authorized Participants (only certain large institutions that enter into agreements with the Fund’s distributor are authorized to transact in creation units with the Fund, and they are referred to herein as “Authorized Participants”). Also unlike shares of a mutual fund, Shares of the Fund are listed on a national securities exchange and trade in the Secondary Market at market prices that change throughout the day.

This prospectus provides the information you need to make an informed decision about investing in the Fund. It contains important facts about the Trust as a whole and the Fund in particular.

Precidian Funds LLC is the investment advisor to the Fund. Northern Trust Investments, Inc. serves as the sub-advisor to the Fund.

## ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINCIPAL STRATEGIES OF THE FUND

The Fund employs a “passive management” — or indexing — investment approach designed to track the performance of its Underlying Index. The Fund is not managed according to traditional methods of “active” investment management, which involve the buying and selling of securities based upon economic, financial and market analysis and investment judgment. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund does not try to “beat” the index it tracks and does not seek temporary defensive positions when markets decline or appear overvalued. Indexing may eliminate the chance that the Fund will substantially outperform the Underlying Index, but it also may reduce some of the risks of active management, such as poor security selection. Indexing seeks to achieve lower costs and better after-tax performance by keeping portfolio turnover low in comparison to actively managed investment companies.

The Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in component securities of issuers (or DRs based on the securities of such issuers) that comprise its Underlying Index. The Advisor or the Sub-Advisor manages the Fund by using a “replication” indexing strategy when possible; provided, however, that it may use a “representative sampling” indexing strategy under various circumstances where it is not possible or practicable to use a replication indexing strategy. Replication indexing strategies involve the purchase of the component securities (or DRs) of the Underlying Index in substantially the same weighting as in the Underlying Index. A representative sampling indexing strategy involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively has an investment profile similar to the Underlying Index. The securities selected for representative sampling are expected to have, in the aggregate, investment characteristics (based on factors such as market capitalization and industry weightings), fundamental characteristics (such as return variability and yield) and liquidity measures similar to those of the Underlying Index. To the extent that the Advisor or Sub-Advisor uses a representative sampling indexing strategy in managing the Fund, the Fund may or may not hold all of the securities in its Underlying Index.

The Nikkei 225 is sponsored by Nikkei Inc., which is independent of the Fund, the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor. The Index Provider determines the composition and relative weightings of the securities in the Underlying Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Underlying Index. The criteria for inclusion in the Underlying Index is discussed in the Fund’s Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”). The Underlying Index is an equity index of securities comprising 225 highly liquid stocks traded on the large cap or first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The components of the Underlying Index are given an equal weighting based on a par value of 50 Japanese Yen per share, whereby the prices of stocks with other par values are adjusted to also reflect a par value of 50 Japanese Yen per share. The Advisor and the Sub-Advisor seek a correlation over time of 0.95 or better between the Fund’s performance, before fees and expenses, and the performance of the Underlying Index. A figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

An index is a theoretical financial calculation while the Fund is an actual investment portfolio. The performance of the Fund and its Underlying Index may vary due to transaction costs, non-U.S. currency valuation, asset valuations, corporate actions (such as mergers and spin-offs), timing variances, and differences between the Fund’s portfolio and the Underlying Index resulting from legal restrictions (such as diversification requirements) that apply to the Fund but not to the Underlying Index, the use of representative sampling and fees and expenses incurred by the Fund. “Tracking error” is the difference between the performance (return) of the Fund’s portfolio and that of its Underlying Index. The Advisor expects that, over time, the Fund’s tracking error will not exceed 5%. The Fund generally

uses a replication strategy. “Replication” is an indexing strategy in which a fund invests in substantially all of the securities in its underlying index in approximately the same proportions as in the underlying index. The Fund may or may not hold all of the securities in the Underlying Index and may, from time to time, engage in a representative sampling strategy.

The Fund will concentrate its investments (*i.e.*, hold 25% or more of its total assets) in a particular industry or group of industries to approximately the same extent that the Underlying Index is so concentrated. Securities of the U.S. government (including its agencies and instrumentalities) and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. government securities are not considered to be issued by members of any industry.

#### **ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINCIPAL RISKS OF THE FUND**

Investors in the Fund should carefully consider the risks of investing in the Fund as set forth in the Fund’s Summary Information section under “Principal Risks.” To the extent such risks apply, they are discussed hereunder in greater detail.

*Index Risk.* The Underlying Index and the Fund reconstitute and rebalance only when the Index Provider determines to reconstitute and rebalance the Underlying Index, which may cause the performance of the Underlying Index and the Fund to deviate from that of the market the Underlying Index seeks to track. This deviation results from changes to index component securities being reflected in the market more quickly than the Index Provider’s methodology can track because of the annual reconstitution process and the intermittent rebalancing of individual index component securities for corporate actions.

*Index Tracking Risk.* Imperfect correlation between the Fund’s portfolio securities and those in the Underlying Index, rounding of prices, changes to the Underlying Index, exchange rate fluctuations and regulatory requirements may cause tracking error, which is the divergence of the Fund’s performance from that of the Underlying Index. This risk may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions. Tracking error also may result because the Fund incurs fees and expenses while the Underlying Index does not. Moreover, tracking error may arise if the Fund’s creation and redemption process is disrupted. In addition, tracking error may be created by “Valuation Risk,” “Currency Risk,” “Risk of Investing in Depositary Receipts” or the use of derivative instruments to track Underlying Index components.

*Market Risk.* The market price of investments owned by the Fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. Investments may decline in value due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries represented in the securities markets.

*Risk of Investing in Japan.* The Fund invests in securities of companies that are principally located in Japan. Investments in Japan are associated with the following risks:

- **Geographic Risk.** Japan is located in a part of the world that has historically been prone to natural disasters such as earthquakes, volcanoes and tsunamis and is economically sensitive to environmental events. Any such event could result in a significant adverse impact on the Japanese economy.
- **Lack of Natural Resources Risk.** Japan is an island state with few natural resources and limited land area and is reliant on imports for its commodity needs. In particular, the Japanese economy is dependent on global sources of petroleum products, including those in the Middle East. Any disruptions, fluctuations or shortages in the commodity markets could have a negative impact on the Japanese economy.
- **Reliance On Trading Partners Risk.** The Japanese economy is heavily dependent on international trade, including trade with the U.S., other Asian countries and European nations, and has been adversely affected by trade tariffs, other protectionist measures and rising commodity prices. Japanese economic growth has generally been dependent on the U.S. and Chinese economies, with trade increasing with China in recent years.
  - **Asian Economic Risk.** Certain Asian economies have experienced over-extension of credit, currency devaluations and restrictions, high unemployment, high inflation, decreased exports and economic recessions. Economic or political events in any one country can have a significant economic effect on the entire Asian region as well as on major trading partners outside Asia and any adverse event in the Asian markets may have a significant adverse effect on the Japanese economy.
  - **U.S. Economic Risk.** The U.S. is a significant trading partner of Japan. Decreasing U.S. imports, new trade regulations, changes in the U.S. Dollar exchange rates or a recession in the U.S. may have an adverse impact on the Japanese economy. The U.S. economy has been in recession for a number of years and the U.S. Dollar has experienced weakness against the Japanese Yen. Continued weakness in the U.S. economy or the U.S. Dollar could adversely affect Japanese trade with the U.S.
  - **European Economic Risk.** The Economic and Monetary Union of the European Union (“EU”) requires compliance with restrictions on inflation rates, deficits, interest rates, debt levels and fiscal and monetary controls, each of which



may significantly affect every country in Europe. Decreasing imports or exports, changes in governmental or EU regulations on trade, changes in the exchange rate of the euro, the default or threat of default by an EU member country on its sovereign debt, and recessions in EU economies may have a significant adverse effect on the economies of EU member countries. The European financial markets have recently experienced volatility and adverse trends due to concerns about rising government debt levels of several European countries, including Greece, Spain, Ireland, Italy and Portugal. Continuation of these trends could adversely affect Japanese trade with Europe.

- **National Security Risk.** Japan's relations with its neighbors, particularly China, North Korea, South Korea and Russia, have at times been strained due to territorial disputes, historical animosities and defense concerns. Most recently, the Japanese government has shown concern over the increased nuclear and military activity of North Korea and about maritime territorial claims asserted by China. Strained relations may cause uncertainty in the Japanese markets and adversely affect the overall Japanese economy in times of crisis.
- **Structural Risks.** Japan may be subject to risks relating to political, economic and labor risks. Any of these risks, individually or in the aggregate, could adversely affect investments in the Fund:
  - **Political Risk.** Historically, Japan has been subject to unpredictable national politics and may experience frequent political turnover. Future political developments may lead to changes in policy that might adversely affect the Fund's investments.
  - **Large Government Debt Risk.** The Japanese economy faces several concerns, including a financial system with large levels of nonperforming loans, over-leveraged corporate balance sheets, extensive cross-ownership by major corporations, a changing corporate governance structure, and large government deficits.
  - **Currency Risk.** The Japanese Yen has fluctuated widely at times and any increase in its value may cause a decline in exports that could weaken the economy.
  - **Labor Risk.** Japan has an aging workforce. Its labor market is undergoing fundamental structural changes, as traditional lifetime employment clashes with the need for increased labor mobility, which may adversely affect Japan's economic competitiveness.

*Nikkei 225 Sector Concentration Risk.* The Fund's investments may be concentrated in companies in the consumer discretionary, industrials and information technology sectors because these sectors typically represent the three largest sector concentrations of the Underlying Index. Each of these sectors exhibit the following risks:

- **Consumer Discretionary Sector Risk.** The success of consumer product manufacturers and retailers is closely tied to the performance of domestic and international economies, interest rates, exchange rates, competition, consumer confidence, changes in demographics and consumer preferences. Companies in this sector depend heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending and may be strongly affected by fads and marketing campaigns. These companies may be subject to severe competition, which may adversely affect their profitability.
- **Industrials Sector Risk.** The stock prices of companies in the industrials sector are affected by supply and demand both for their specific product or service and for industrials sector products in general. The products of manufacturing companies may face product obsolescence due to rapid technological developments and frequent new product introduction. Government regulations, world events and economic conditions affect the performance of companies in the industrials sector. Industrial companies may be adversely affected by liability for environmental damage, product liability claims and exchange rates. The industrials sector may also be adversely affected by changes or trends in commodity prices, which may be influenced or characterized by unpredictable factors.
- **Information Technology Sector Risk.** Information technology companies can be significantly affected by the failure to obtain, or delays in obtaining, financing or regulatory approval, intense competition, product compatibility, consumer preferences, corporate capital expenditure, rapid obsolescence and research and development of new products. Companies in the information technology sector also face competition or potential competition with numerous alternative technologies. In addition, the highly competitive information technology sector may cause the prices for these products and services to decline in the future.

*Currency Risk.* Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of the U.S. Dollar, investors may lose money if the Japanese Yen depreciates against the U.S. Dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings in that market increases.

*Risk of Investing in Depositary Receipts.* The Fund may invest in DRs, including listed unsponsored DRs that have been in existence since 1984. Unsponsored DRs may be established by a depositary without participation by the underlying issuer. Holders of an unsponsored DR generally bear all the costs associated with establishing the unsponsored DR. These investments may involve

additional risks and considerations including, for example, risks related to adverse political and economic developments unique to a country or region, currency fluctuations or controls and the possibility of expropriation, nationalization or confiscatory taxation. The issuers of the securities underlying unsponsored DRs are not obligated to disclose material information in the U.S. and, therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the depositary receipts. Additionally, to the extent the value of a DR held by the Fund fails to track that of the underlying security, the use of the DR may result in tracking error in the Fund.

*Valuation Risk.* Because non-U.S. exchanges such as the Tokyo Stock Exchange may be open on days when the Fund does not price its Shares, the value of the securities in the Fund's portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's Shares.

*Concentration Risk.* To the extent that the Fund's portfolio reflects its Underlying Index's concentration in the securities of companies in a particular market, industry, group of industries, country, region, group of countries, sector or asset class, the Fund may be adversely affected by the performance of those securities, may be subject to increased price volatility and may be more susceptible to adverse economic, market, political or regulatory occurrences affecting that market, industry, group of industries, country, region, group of countries, sector or asset class.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The trading price of equity securities, including the prices of Fund Shares, will fluctuate in response to a variety of factors. These factors include events impacting a single issuer, as well as political, market and economic developments that affect specific market segments and the market as a whole. The Fund's NAV and market price, like stock prices generally, will fluctuate within a wide range in response to these factors. As a result, an investor could lose money over short or even long periods.

*Exchange-Traded Fund Risk.* The Fund's Shares may trade at a premium or discount to their NAV for different reasons. For example, the Fund's NAV will fluctuate in response to changes in the market value of its holdings, while the market prices of the Fund's Shares will fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the supply and demand for the Shares. Also, an active market for the Fund's Shares may not develop and market trading may be halted if trading in one or more of the Fund's underlying securities is halted.

#### **ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES**

The Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in component securities of issuers (or DRs based on the securities of such issuers) that comprise its Underlying Index. As a non-principal investment strategy, the Fund may invest its remaining assets in money market instruments, including repurchase agreements or funds that invest exclusively in money market instruments (subject to applicable limitations under the Investment Company Act, or exemptions therefrom), convertible securities, rights and warrants, structured notes (notes on which the amount of principal repayment and interest payments are based on the movement of one or more specified factors, such as the movement of a particular stock or stock index) and in options, futures contracts and swaps. Options, forwards, futures contracts, swaps, convertible securities and structured notes may be used by the Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to the Underlying Index, and in managing cash flows. The Fund will not invest in money market instruments as part of a temporary defensive strategy to protect against potential stock market declines.

The Commodities Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") has imposed limitations on commodities trading by certain regulated entities, including advisers of registered investment companies. Pursuant to the limitations, in order to qualify for an exclusion from registration and regulation as a commodity pool operator under the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA"), a Fund may only use a *de minimis* amount of commodity interests (such as futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and swaps) other than for *bona fide* hedging purposes (as defined by the CFTC). A *de minimis* amount is defined as an amount such that the aggregate initial margin and premiums required to establish these positions (after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such positions and excusing the amount by which options that are "in-the-money" at the time of purchase) may not exceed 5% of the Fund's net asset value (after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such positions). To the extent the Advisor or Sub-Advisor makes investments on behalf of the Fund that are regulated by the CFTC, it intends to do so in accordance with Rule 4.5 under the CEA. The Advisor has filed a notice of eligibility for exclusion from the definition of the term "commodity pool operator" in accordance with Rule 4.5 and is therefore not subject to registration or regulation as a commodity pool operator under the CEA. The Sub-Advisor is registered and regulated as a "commodity pool operator" under the CEA.

The Fund may enter into forward foreign currency contracts in connection with settling planned purchases or sales of securities, to hedge currency exposure associated with some or all of the Fund's securities or as a part of an investment strategy.

As an additional non-principal strategy, the Fund may lend its portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and other financial institutions desiring to borrow securities to complete transactions and for other purposes. In connection with such loans, the Fund receives liquid collateral equal to at least 102% of the value of loaned domestic securities and 105% of the value of loaned foreign securities on a daily basis. This collateral is marked-to-market on a daily basis. Although the Fund will receive collateral in connection with all loans of its securities holdings, the Fund would be exposed to a risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligation to return the borrowed

securities (e.g., the loaned securities may have appreciated beyond the value of the collateral held by the Fund). In addition, the Fund will bear the risk of loss of any cash collateral that it invests.

The Advisor anticipates that it may take approximately two business days (i.e., each day the NYSE Arca is open for trading) for additions and deletions to the Underlying Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

Each of the policies and strategies described in this Prospectus, including the investment objective of the Fund, constitutes a non-fundamental policy that may be changed by the Board of Trustees of the Trust without shareholder approval. Certain fundamental policies of the Fund are set forth in the Fund's SAI under "Investment Restrictions."

## ADDITIONAL RISKS

*Indexing Risk.* The Advisor and the Sub-Advisor use a passive indexing strategy — either replication or representative sampling — to manage the Fund. The Fund invests in the securities included in, or representative of, its Underlying Index regardless of their investment merit. The Fund does not attempt to outperform its Underlying Index or take defensive positions in declining markets. As a result, the Fund's performance may be adversely affected by a general decline in the Japanese markets relating to the Underlying Index.

*Asset Class Risk.* The returns from the types of securities in which the Fund invests may under-perform returns from the various general securities markets or different asset classes. This may cause the Fund to under-perform other investment vehicles that invest in different asset classes. Different types of securities (for example, large-, mid- and small-capitalization stocks) tend to go through cycles of doing better — or worse — than the general securities markets. In the past, these periods have lasted for as long as several years.

*Issuer Risk.* The performance of the Fund depends on the performance of individual companies in which the Fund invests. Any issuer may perform poorly, causing the value of its securities to decline. Poor performance may be caused by poor management decisions, competitive pressures, changes in technology, disruptions in supply, labor problems or shortages, corporate restructurings, fraudulent disclosures or other factors. Issuers may, in times of distress or at their own discretion, decide to reduce or eliminate dividends, which may also cause their stock prices to decline.

*Settlement Cycle Risk.* For every occurrence of one or more intervening holidays in the Japanese market that are not holidays observed in the U.S. equity market, the redemption settlement cycle will be extended by the number of days relating to such intervening holidays. In addition to holidays, other unforeseeable closings in the non-U.S. market due to emergencies may also prevent the Fund from delivering securities within normal settlement period. The securities delivery cycles currently practicable for transferring portfolio securities to redeeming investors, coupled with a non-Japanese holiday schedule, will require a delivery process longer than seven calendar days, in certain circumstances, meaning that the realization of investment proceeds of Authorized Participants redeeming Creation Units may be delayed.

*Trading Price Risk.* Shares of the Fund trade on the NYSE Arca at prices at, above or below their most recent NAV. The per share NAV of the Fund is calculated at the end of each business day and fluctuates with changes in the market value of the Fund's holdings since the most recent calculation. The trading prices of the Fund's Shares fluctuate continuously throughout trading hours based on market supply and demand rather than NAV. The trading prices of the Fund's Shares may deviate significantly from NAV during periods of market volatility. The Advisor believes that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the Fund are not likely to be sustained over the long-term because Shares can be created and redeemed in Creation Units at NAV (unlike shares of many closed-end funds, which frequently trade at appreciable discounts from, and sometimes at premiums to, their NAVs). While the creation/redemption feature is designed to make it likely that the Fund's Shares normally will trade on exchanges at prices close to the Fund's next calculated NAV, market prices are not expected to correlate exactly with the Fund's NAV due to timing reasons as well as market supply and demand factors. In addition, disruptions to creations and redemptions or the existence of extreme market volatility may result in trading prices that differ significantly from NAV. If a shareholder purchases at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV or sells at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV, the shareholder may sustain losses.

*Securities Lending Risk.* The Fund may lend its portfolio securities. In connection with such loans, the Fund receives liquid collateral equal to at least 102% of the value of loaned domestic securities and 105% of the value of loaned foreign securities on a daily basis. This collateral is marked to market on a daily basis. Although the Fund will receive collateral in connection with all loans of its securities holdings, the Fund would be exposed to a risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligation to return the borrowed securities (e.g., the loaned securities may have appreciated beyond the value of the collateral held by the Fund). In addition, the Fund will bear the risk of loss of any cash collateral that it invests.

*Derivatives Risk.* A derivative is a financial contract, the value of which depends on, or is derived from, the value of an underlying asset such as a security or an index. As a non-principal investment strategy, the Fund may utilize futures, options and swaps to track its Underlying Index or individual components of an Underlying Index. The Fund will have exposure to derivative risks, which include a number of risks based on the structure of the underlying instrument and the counterparty to the derivatives transaction. These risks include leveraging risk where losses may be magnified if the derivative contains an element of leverage, liquidity risk if the Fund is

unable to sell a derivative or is otherwise required to reserve its assets against its exposure under the derivative, interest rate risk if the derivative is interest-rate sensitive, market risk associated with the market in which the derivative trades (if any), credit risk of the counterparty to the derivative contract that may impair the value of the Fund's derivative and the risk that the Advisor or Sub-Advisor fail to utilize derivatives in a manner to achieve the Fund's investment goal. To the extent the Fund utilizes derivatives that are entered into over-the-counter (*i.e.*, futures, options or swaps that are not traded on an exchange), the Fund may also have exposure to the risk of a counterparty's default, and the risk that the Fund may improperly value a derivative for which market quotations are unavailable. Each of the types of derivatives in which the Fund may invest exhibit the following risks:

- **Options Risk.** Options invested in by the Fund may be closed out only on an exchange providing a secondary market therefor. If no liquid secondary market exists for an option, the Fund may not be able to close out the position it holds in the option, subjecting the Fund to the risk of adverse price movements. If the Fund cannot close out a position on an option, it would continue to be required to make margin payments in cash. There also exists a risk of loss by the Fund of margin deposits in the event of the bankruptcy of a broker with whom the Fund has an open position.
- **Futures Risk.** Futures contracts invested in by the Fund may be closed out only on an exchange providing a secondary market therefor. If no liquid secondary market exists for a futures contract, the Fund may not be able to close out the position it holds in the futures contract, subjecting the Fund to the risk of adverse price movements. The lack of a secondary market may occur due to triggering of daily limits in price movement for futures contracts on certain exchanges. When a daily limit set by an exchange is met, the exchange does not permit additional trading on such day, potentially preventing the Fund from closing out the position it holds in any applicable future. If the Fund cannot close out a position on a futures contract, it would continue to be required to make margin payments in cash. The index tracked by a futures contract may differ from and even have a negative correlation to the Fund's Underlying Index, resulting in the returns from such a contract not matching the performance of the Underlying Index and the possible risk of loss. There also exists a risk of loss by the Fund of margin deposits in the event of the bankruptcy of a broker with whom the Fund has an open position.
- **Swaps Risk.** If the value of the specified security, index or other instrument tracked by a swap moves against the position held by the Fund, the Fund may be required to pay the dollar value of the decrease in value (or increase in value, for an inverse swap) to the counterparty. To the extent that the Fund utilizes total return swaps, such instruments will be considered illiquid by the Fund and the Fund will be required to segregate liquid assets under contractual obligations. Such segregation could limit the Fund's investment flexibility or impact the Fund's ability to meet current obligations, such as redemption requests from Authorized Participants.
- **Futures and Swaps Counterparty Risk.** The number of counterparties may vary over time. During periods of credit market turmoil or when the amount invested by the Fund in futures contracts or total return swaps is limited relative to the Fund's total net assets, the Fund may have only one or a few counterparties. In such circumstances, the Fund will be exposed to greater counterparty risk and the Fund may be unable to enter into futures contracts or total return swaps on terms that make economic sense, potentially preventing the Fund from achieving its investment objective or requiring it to enter into other types of derivative transactions which feature greater cost or risks. Further, a decline in the creditworthiness of a counterparty may impair the value of that counterparty's futures or swaps with the Fund, which could result in the loss of all value of the derivative.

*Forward Foreign Currency Contracts Risk.* The Fund may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts in order to facilitate local settlements or to protect against currency exposure in connection with their distributions to shareholders. The Fund does not expect to engage in currency transactions for speculative purposes or for purposes of hedging against declines in the value of the Fund's assets that are denominated in a foreign currency.

Forward foreign currency contracts are privately negotiated transactions, and can have substantial price volatility. As a result, they offer less protection against default by the other party than is available for instruments traded on an exchange. The institutions that deal in forward currency contracts are not required to continue to make markets in the currencies they trade and these markets can experience periods of illiquidity.

*Management Risk.* The Fund may not fully replicate its Underlying Index and may hold securities not included in its Underlying Index. As a result and to the extent the Fund utilizes a representative sampling strategy, the Fund is subject to the risk that the Advisor's or the Sub-Advisor's investment management strategy, the implementation of which is subject to a number of constraints, may not produce the intended results.

### **Shares are not Individually Redeemable**

Shares may be redeemed by the Fund only in large blocks known as "Creation Units" which are expected to be worth in excess of one million dollars each. The Fund may not redeem Shares in fractional Creation Units. Only certain large institutions that enter into agreements with the Fund's distributor are authorized to transact in Creation Units with the Fund. These entities are referred to as

“Authorized Participants.” The Fund’s distributor is Foreside Fund Services, LLC (sometimes referred to herein as the “Distributor”). All other persons or entities transacting in Shares must do so in the Secondary Market.

## **CONTINUOUS OFFERING**

The method by which Creation Units are purchased and traded may raise certain issues under applicable securities laws. Because new Creation Units are issued and sold by the Fund on an ongoing basis, at any point a “distribution,” as such term is used in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), may occur. Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner which could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the Securities Act. For example, a broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it takes Creation Units after placing an order with the Distributor, breaks them down into individual Shares, and sells such Shares directly to customers, or if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new Shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of Secondary Market demand for Shares. A determination of whether one is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to categorization as an underwriter.

Broker-dealer firms should also note that dealers who are not “underwriters” but are effecting transactions in Shares, whether or not participating in the distribution of Shares, are generally required to deliver a prospectus. This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(3) of the Securities Act is not available with respect to such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the Investment Company Act. As a result, broker-dealer-firms should note that dealers who are not underwriters but are participating in a distribution (as contrasted with ordinary Secondary Market transactions) and thus dealing with Shares that are part of an over-allotment within the meaning of Section 4(3)(a) of the Securities Act would be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(3) of the Securities Act. Firms that incur a prospectus delivery obligation with respect to Shares of the Fund are reminded that under Rule 153 of the Securities Act, a prospectus delivery obligation under Section 5(b)(2) of the Securities Act owed to an exchange member in connection with a sale on the NYSE Arca is satisfied by the fact that the Fund’s prospectus is available at the NYSE Arca upon request. The prospectus delivery mechanism provided in Rule 153 is only available with respect to transactions on an exchange.

## **CREATION AND REDEMPTION OF CREATION UNITS**

The Fund issues and redeems Shares only in bundles of a specified number of Shares. These bundles are known as “Creation Units.” For the Fund, a Creation Unit is comprised of 500,000 Shares. The number of Shares in a Creation Unit will not change, except in the event of a share split, reverse split or similar revaluation. The Fund may not issue fractional Creation Units.

To purchase or redeem a Creation Unit, you must be an Authorized Participant or you must do so through a broker, dealer, bank or other entity that is an Authorized Participant. An Authorized Participant is either (1) a “Participating Party,” (i.e., a broker-dealer or other participant in the clearing process of the Continuous Net Settlement System of the NSCC) (“Clearing Process”) or (2) a participant of DTC (“DTC Participant”), and, in each case, must have executed an agreement with the Distributor with respect to creations and redemptions of Creation Units (“Participation Agreement”). Because Creation Units cost over one million dollars each, it is expected that only large institutional investors will purchase and redeem Shares directly from the Fund in the form of Creation Units. In turn, it is expected that institutional investors who purchase Creation Units will break up their Creation Units and offer and sell individual Shares in the Secondary Market.

Shares are listed on the NYSE Arca and are publicly traded. Retail investors may purchase or sell Shares in the Secondary Market (not from the Fund) through a broker or dealer. For information about acquiring or selling Shares in the Secondary Market, please contact your broker or dealer or financial advisor.

When you buy or sell Shares in the Secondary Market, your broker or dealer may charge you a commission, market premium or discount or other transaction charge, and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price for each purchase or sale transaction. Unless imposed by your broker or dealer, there is no minimum dollar amount you must invest and no minimum number of Shares you must buy in the Secondary Market. In addition, because transactions in the Secondary Market occur at market prices, you may pay more than NAV when you buy Shares and receive less than NAV when you sell those Shares.

The creation and redemption processes set forth herein are summaries, and the summaries only apply to shareholders who purchase or redeem Creation Units (they do not relate to shareholders who purchase or sell Shares in the Secondary Market). Authorized Participants should refer to their Participant Agreements for the precise instructions that must be followed in order to create or redeem Creation Units.

## BUYING AND SELLING SHARES IN THE SECONDARY MARKET

Most investors will buy and sell Shares of the Fund in Secondary Market transactions through broker-dealers. Shares of the Fund are listed for trading in the Secondary Market on the NYSE Arca and may also trade on other exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. Shares can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly-traded shares. There is no minimum investment. Although Shares are generally purchased and sold in “round lots” of 100 Shares, brokerage firms typically permit investors to purchase or sell Shares in smaller “odd lots.” When buying or selling Shares through a broker, you will likely incur customary brokerage commissions and charges, and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the Secondary Market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction.

Share prices are reported in U.S. dollars and cents per Share. For information about buying and selling Shares in the Secondary Market, please contact your broker or dealer or financial advisor.

The exchange on which the Fund’s shares are listed is open for trading Monday through Friday and is closed on weekends and the following holidays: New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Washington’s Birthday, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The Fund’s primary listing exchange is the NYSE Arca.

The Fund’s Shares trade under the trading symbol “NKY” (Cusip No. 74016W106).

Section 12(d)(1) of the Investment Company Act restricts investments by registered investment companies in the securities of other investment companies. Registered investment companies are permitted to invest in the Fund beyond the limits set forth in Section 12(d)(1), subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in an SEC exemptive order issued to the Trust, including that such investment companies enter into a written agreement with the Trust.

### **Book Entry**

Shares of the Fund are held in book-entry form and no stock certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), through its nominee, is the record owner of all outstanding Shares.

Investors owning Shares are beneficial owners as shown on the records of DTC or its participants. DTC serves as the securities depository for all Shares. Participants in DTC include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of Shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of stock certificates or to have Shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of Shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of Shares, you must rely upon the procedures of DTC and its participants.

These procedures are the same as those that apply to any securities that you hold in book entry or “street name” form for any publicly-traded company. Specifically, in the case of a shareholder meeting of the Fund, DTC assigns applicable Cede & Co. voting rights to its participants that have Shares credited to their accounts on the record date, issues an omnibus proxy and forwards the omnibus proxy to the Fund. The omnibus proxy transfers the voting authority from Cede & Co. to the DTC Participant. This gives the DTC Participant through whom you own Shares (namely, your broker, dealer, bank, trust company or other nominee) authority to vote the Shares, and, in turn, the DTC Participant is obligated to follow the voting instructions you provide.

## MANAGEMENT

The Board of Trustees of the Trust is responsible for the general oversight of the management of the Fund, including general supervision of the Advisor, Sub-Advisor and other service providers, but it is not involved in the day-to-day management of the Trust. The Board of Trustees appoints officers who are responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Fund. A list of the Trustees and Trust Officers, and their present and principal occupations is provided in the Fund’s SAI.

### **Investment Advisor**

The Advisor is a Delaware limited liability company formed on May 14, 2010 that is a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of Precidian Investments LLC. The Advisor has been registered as an investment adviser with the SEC since April 8, 2011 and maintains its principal office at 350 Main St., Suite 9, Bedminster, New Jersey 07921. The Advisor does not manage any other investment companies, does not provide investment advice to any other clients and has limited experience as an investment advisor.

The Advisor serves as advisor to the Fund pursuant to an Investment Advisory Agreement (“Advisory Agreement”). Subject at all times to the supervision and approval of the Board, the Advisor is responsible for the overall management of the Trust. The Advisor has arranged for sub-advisory, distribution, custody, fund administration, transfer agency and all other services necessary for the Fund to operate. The Advisor has delegated to the Sub-Advisor authority to determine what investments should be purchased and sold, and to place orders for all such purchases and sales, on behalf of the Fund.

As compensation for its services and its assumption of certain expenses, the Fund pays the Advisor a management fee equal to a percentage of the Fund's average daily net assets that accrues daily and is paid monthly, as follows:

<u>Fund Name</u>	<u>Management Fee</u>
MAXIS <sup>®</sup> Nikkei 225 Index Fund	0.50%

The Advisor may voluntarily waive any portion of its advisory fee from time to time, and may discontinue or modify any such voluntary limitations in the future at its discretion.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Trustees approving the renewal of the Advisory Agreement and the sub-advisory agreement with the Sub-Advisor (the "Sub-Advisory Agreement") is available in the Fund's most recent Semi-Annual Report to shareholders for the most recent semiannual period ended September 30.

**Expense Limitation Agreement.** The Advisor has entered into an Expense Limitation Agreement with the Fund under which it has agreed to waive or reduce its fees and to assume other expenses of the Fund, if necessary, in an amount that limits "Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses" (but excluding interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, other expenditures which are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business, and amounts, if any, payable pursuant to a plan adopted in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act) to not more than the below listed operating expense limit of the average daily net assets for the Fund through July 30, 2016.

<u>Fund Name</u>	<u>Operating Expense Limit</u>
MAXIS <sup>®</sup> Nikkei 225 Index Fund	0.50%

The Advisor currently expects that the contractual agreement will continue from year-to-year provided such continuance is approved by the Board. The Fund may terminate the Expense Limitation Agreement at any time. The Advisor may also terminate the Expense Limitation Agreement at the end of the then-current term upon not less than 90 days' notice to the Fund as set forth in the Expense Limitation Agreement. The terms of the Expense Limitation Agreement may be revised upon renewal (no revisions to the agreement have been made in connection with its renewal). The Advisor is permitted to recoup from the Fund previously waived fees or reimbursed expenses for three years from the fiscal year in which fees were waived or expenses reimbursed as long as such recoupment does not cause Fund operating expenses to exceed the then applicable operating expense limit.

**Other Expenses.** Under the Advisory Agreement, the Advisor has agreed to pay all expenses of the Trust, except for: (i) brokerage expenses and other expenses (such as stamp taxes) connected with the execution of portfolio transactions or in connection with creation and redemption transactions; (ii) interest and tax expenses; (iii) dividend or distribution expenses; (iv) legal fees or expenses in connection with any arbitration, litigation or pending or threatened arbitration or litigation, including any settlements in connection therewith; (v) compensation and expenses of each Trustee who is not an interested person of the Trust (each an "Independent Trustee"); (vi) compensation and expenses of counsel to the Independent Trustees; (vii) distribution fees and expenses, if any, paid by the Trust under any distribution plan adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act; (viii) extraordinary expenses, as determined under generally accepted accounting principles; and (ix) the advisory fee payable to the Advisor.

<u>Fund Name</u>	<u>Other Expenses</u>
MAXIS <sup>®</sup> Nikkei 225 Index Fund	0.05%

The Advisor and its affiliates may deal, trade and invest for their own accounts in the types of securities in which the Fund also may invest. The Advisor does not use inside information in making investment decisions on behalf of the Fund.

#### **The Sub-Advisor**

Northern Trust Investments, Inc. serves as sub-advisor to the Fund. NTI, located at 50 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, IL 60603, an indirect subsidiary of Northern Trust Corporation, is an Illinois State Banking Corporation and an investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act. It primarily manages assets for institutional and individual separately managed accounts, investment companies and bank common and collective funds.

Northern Trust Corporation is regulated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System as a financial holding company under the U.S. Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended. As of March 31, 2015, Northern Trust Corporation, through its subsidiaries, had assets under custody of \$6.09 trillion and assets under investment management of \$960.1 billion.

The Sub-Advisor is responsible for managing the investment operations and the composition of the Fund, including the purchase, retention and disposition of the investments, securities and cash contained in the Fund, in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and strategies as stated in the Trust's Prospectuses and SAI, as from time to time in effect. In connection with these responsibilities and duties, the Sub-Advisor is responsible for providing supervision of the Fund's investments and conducting a

continuous program of investment evaluation and, if appropriate, sales and reinvestment of the Fund's assets. The Sub-Advisor is responsible for the proxy voting of the Fund's portfolio securities under the Trust's proxy voting policies and procedures. The Sub-Advisor also is responsible for furnishing the Advisor or the Trust with statistical information in respect of the investments that the Fund may hold or contemplate purchasing, as the Advisor or the Trust may reasonably request. The Sub-Advisor, on its own initiative, apprises the Trust of important developments materially affecting the Fund and furnishes the Trust from time to time such information as it may believe appropriate for this purpose. The Sub-Advisor also has responsibility for implementing all purchases and sales of investments for the Fund it advises in a manner consistent with its policies.

As compensation for the services provided by the Sub-Advisor pursuant to the Sub-Advisory Agreement, the Advisor shall pay the Sub-Advisor within 10 business days of the last business day of each month as follows:

- (a) 0.004167% multiplied by: (i) the value of the average daily net assets of the Fund during the then prior month; or (ii) \$1 billion, whichever is less, plus
- (b) 0.003333% multiplied by the excess of the average daily net assets of the Fund during the then prior month above \$1 billion (if any);

provided, however, that: (x) the minimum monthly fee that is to be paid by the Advisor to the Sub-Advisor is not to be less than \$14,583; and (y) any fees due under the Sub-Advisory Agreement with respect to partial months shall be pro-rated using the ratio of: (i) the actual number of business days on which sub-advisory services were provided during such partial month over; (ii) the total number of business days for such month.

### **Portfolio Management**

The Sub-Advisor acts as portfolio manager for the Fund pursuant to the Sub-Advisory Agreement. The Sub-Advisor supervises and manages the investment portfolio of the Fund and directs the purchase and sale of the Fund's investment securities. The Sub-Advisor utilizes a team of investment professionals acting together to manage the assets of the Fund, which is currently comprised of two portfolio managers. The team meets regularly to review portfolio holdings and to discuss purchase and sale activity. The team adjusts holdings in the portfolio as it deems appropriate in the pursuit of the Fund's investment objective.

#### *Portfolio Managers*

The individual Portfolio Managers responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolio of the Fund operate as a team and are:

Robert Anstine is Vice President of NTI. Mr. Anstine joined NTI in 2011 and is responsible for managing various global index equity portfolios. In addition, he has been a portfolio manager for the FlexShares ETFs since their inception in September 2011. Prior to joining NTI and since 2007, Mr. Anstine worked at Northern Trust as an operations manager.

Patrick Dwyer is Vice President of NTI. Mr. Dwyer joined NTI in 2003 and is responsible for managing various global index equity portfolios. Prior to this role, Mr. Dwyer was a senior portfolio manager responsible for the management of international equity index portfolios in developed, emerging, and frontier markets, and currency and futures overlays. Before Mr. Dwyer's involvement with the international equity index team, he was an index analyst and portfolio manager on the US index team.

#### *More Information*

For more information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Fund, see the SAI.

## **OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS**

### **Index Provider**

The Underlying Index is sponsored by Nikkei Inc. which is independent of the Fund and the Advisor and the Sub-Advisor. The Index Provider determines the composition and relative weightings of the securities in the Underlying Index and publishes information regarding the market value of the Underlying Index.

Nikkei Inc. is a leading media provider for business in Japan, which publishes five newspapers and operates online news sites. It consistently provides high-quality information on business and the economy.

### **Fund Administrator, Custodian, Accounting and Transfer Agent**

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMCB") serves as administrator, custodian, transfer agent, index receipt agent and dividend disbursing agent of the Trust and the Fund. JPMCB is located at One Chase Manhattan Plaza, New York, New York 10005.



Pursuant to the Fund Servicing Agreement with the Trust, JPMCB provides administrative, regulatory, tax, financial reporting and fund accounting services for the maintenance and operation of the Trust and the Fund. In addition, JPMCB makes office space, equipment, personnel and facilities available to provide such services.

Pursuant to the Global Custody Agreement with the Trust, JPMCB maintains cash, securities and other assets of the Trust and the Fund in separate accounts, keeps all required books and records and provides other necessary services. JPMCB is required, upon the order of the Trust, to deliver securities held by JPMCB and to make payments for securities purchased by the Fund.

Pursuant to the Agency Services Agreement with the Trust, JPMCB acts as transfer agent and index receipt agent for the Fund's authorized and issued Shares of beneficial interest and as dividend disbursing agent of the Trust.

### **Distributor**

The Distributor, a Delaware limited liability company, serves as the distributor of Creation Units for the Fund on an agency basis. The Distributor does not maintain a secondary market in Shares. The Distributor has no role in determining the policies of the Fund or the securities that are purchased or sold by the Fund. The Distributor's principal address is Three Canal Plaza, Suite 100, Portland, Maine 04101.

### **Securities Lending Agent**

The Fund may lend its portfolio securities to certain creditworthy borrowers under certain conditions described in the SAI, and will receive collateral for each loaned security which is marked to market each trading day. Engaging in loans of its portfolio securities enables the Fund to receive a portion of the income generated by the lending of such securities and then investing in the collateral until the loan is terminated. Such loans may be terminated at any time by the Fund. Securities lending involves the risk of loss of rights in the collateral or delay in recovery of the collateral should the borrower fail to return the securities loaned or become insolvent. JPMCB acts as Securities Lending Agent for the Fund subject to the supervision of the Advisor. For this service, JPMCB receives a fee to cover the custodial, administrative and related costs of securities lending.

### **Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 125 High Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, serves as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Trust.

### **Legal Counsel**

Foley & Lardner LLP, 777 East Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 3800, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, serves as counsel to the Trust.

### **Other Service Providers**

Forside Compliance Services, LLC ("FCS"), an affiliate of the Distributor, provides an Anti-Money Laundering Officer and Chief Compliance Officer to the Fund. Forside Management Services, LLC ("FMS"), an affiliate of the Distributor, provides a Principal Financial Officer to the Fund.

The Distributor, FCS and FMS are not affiliated with the Advisor, Sub-Advisor or JPMCB or their affiliates.

## **FREQUENT TRADING**

The Trust's Board of Trustees has not adopted policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund Shares by Fund shareholders ("market timing"). In determining not to adopt market timing policies and procedures, the Board noted that the Fund is expected to be attractive to active institutional and retail investors interested in buying and selling Fund Shares on a short-term basis. In addition, the Board considered that, unlike traditional mutual funds, the Fund's Shares can only be purchased and redeemed directly from the Fund in Creation Units by Authorized Participants, and that the vast majority of trading in the Fund's Shares occurs on the Secondary Market. Because Secondary Market trades do not involve the Fund directly, it is unlikely those trades would cause many of the harmful effects of market timing, including dilution, disruption of portfolio management, increases in the Fund's trading costs and the realization of capital gains. With respect to trades directly with the Fund, to the extent effected in-kind (namely, for securities), those trades do not cause any of the harmful effects that may result from frequent cash trades. To the extent trades are effected in whole or in part in cash, the Board noted that those trades could result in dilution to the Fund and increased transaction costs (Fund may impose higher transaction fees to offset these increased costs), which could negatively impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. However, the Board noted that direct trading on a short-term basis by Authorized Participants is critical to ensuring that the Fund's Shares trade at or close to NAV. Given this structure, the Board determined that it is not necessary to adopt market timing policies and procedures. The Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase order at any time and reserves the right to impose restrictions on disruptive or excessive trading in Creation Units.

The Board of Trustees has instructed the officers of the Trust to review reports of purchases and redemptions of Creation Units on a regular basis to determine if there is any unusual trading in the Fund. The officers of the Trust will report to the Board any such unusual trading in Creation Units that is disruptive to the Fund. In such event, the Board may reconsider its decision not to adopt market timing policies and procedures.

### **SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION PLAN**

The Board of Trustees of the Trust has adopted a Service and Distribution Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act. In accordance with its Rule 12b-1 plan, the Fund is authorized to pay an amount up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets each year for certain distribution-related activities. The Trust's Board of Trustees has resolved not to authorize the payment of Rule 12b-1 fees prior to July 30, 2016. However, in the event Rule 12b-1 fees are charged in the future, they will be paid out of the respective Fund's assets, and over time they will increase the cost of your investment and they may cost you more than certain other types of sales charges.

The Advisor and its affiliates may, out of their own resources, pay amounts to third parties for distribution or marketing services on behalf of the Fund. The making of these payments could create a conflict of interest for a financial intermediary receiving such payments.

### **DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE (NAV)**

The NAV of the Shares for the Fund is equal to the Fund's total assets minus the Fund's total liabilities divided by the total number of Shares outstanding, based on prices of the Fund's portfolio securities at the time of closing, provided that: (a) any assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar shall be translated into U.S. Dollars at the prevailing market rates on the date of valuation as quoted by one or more major banks or dealers that makes a two-way market in such currencies (or a data service provider based on quotations received from such banks or dealers); and (b) U.S. fixed-income assets may be valued as of the announced closing time for trading in fixed-income instruments on any day that the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association announces an early closing time. Interest and investment income on the Trust's assets accrue daily and are included in the Fund's total assets. Expenses and fees (including investment advisory, management, administration and distribution fees, if any) accrue daily and are included in the Fund's total liabilities. The NAV that is published is rounded to the nearest cent; however, for purposes of determining the price of Creation Units, the NAV is calculated to five decimal places.

The securities and other assets of the Fund are valued pursuant to the pricing policy and procedures approved by the Board. In calculating NAV, the Fund's investments are valued using market quotations when available. When market quotations are not readily available, are deemed unreliable or do not reflect material events occurring between the close of local markets and the time of valuation, investments are valued using fair value pricing as determined in good faith by the Advisor under procedures established by and under the general supervision and responsibility of the Trust's Board of Trustees. Investments that may be valued using fair value pricing include, but are not limited to: (1) securities that are not actively traded, including "restricted" securities and securities received in private placements for which there is no public market; (2) securities of an issuer that becomes bankrupt or enters into a restructuring; (3) securities whose trading has been halted or suspended; and (4) foreign securities traded on exchanges that close before the Fund's NAV is calculated. In particular the Fund will hold securities traded on the Tokyo Stock Exchange that may be fair valued from time to time since that exchange closes before the Fund's NAV is calculated. Because non-U.S. exchanges such as the Tokyo Stock Exchange may be open on days when the Fund does not price its shares, the value of the securities in the Fund's portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's shares.

The frequency with which the Fund's investments are valued using fair value pricing is primarily a function of the types of securities and other assets in which the respective Fund invests pursuant to its investment objective, strategies and limitations.

Valuing the Fund's investments using fair value pricing results in using prices for those investments that may differ from current market valuations. Accordingly, fair value pricing could result in a difference between the prices used to calculate NAV and the prices used to determine the Fund's Indicative Intra-Day Value ("IIV"), which could result in the market prices for Shares deviating from NAV.

The NAV is calculated by the administrator and custodian and determined each business day as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca (ordinarily 4:00 p.m. New York time).

### **DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES**

#### **Net Investment Income and Capital Gains**

As the Fund shareholder, you are entitled to your share of the Fund's distributions of net investment income and net realized capital gains on its investments. The Fund pays out substantially all of its net earnings to its shareholders as "distributions."

The Fund typically earns income from stock dividends. These amounts, net of expenses, are typically passed along to Fund shareholders as dividends from net investment income. The Fund realizes capital gains or losses whenever it sells securities. Net capital gains are distributed to shareholders as “capital gain distributions.”

Net investment income and net capital gains are typically distributed to shareholders at least annually. Dividends may be declared and paid more frequently to improve index tracking or to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”). In addition, the Fund may determine to distribute at least annually amounts representing the full dividend yield net of expenses on the underlying investment securities, as if the Fund owned the underlying investment securities for the entire dividend period in which case some portion of each distribution may result in a return of capital. You will be notified regarding the portion of the distribution which represents a return of capital.

The Fund reserves the right to declare special distributions if, in its reasonable discretion, such action is necessary or advisable to preserve its status as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) or to avoid imposition of income or excise taxes on undistributed income or realized gains.

Dividends and other distributions on Shares of the Fund are distributed on a *pro rata* basis to beneficial owners of such Shares. Dividend payments are made through DTC Participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners then of record with proceeds received from the Fund.

Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional Shares of your Fund only if the broker through which you purchased Shares makes such option available.

### **Federal Income Taxes**

The following is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to an investment in Shares of the Fund. The summary is based on the laws in effect on the date of this Prospectus and existing judicial and administrative interpretations thereof, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. In addition, this summary assumes that a Fund shareholder holds Shares as capital assets within the meaning of the Code and does not hold Shares in connection with a trade or business. This summary does not address all potential US federal income tax considerations possibly applicable to an investment in Shares of the Fund, to Fund shareholders holding Shares through a partnership (or other pass-through entity) or to Fund shareholders subject to special tax rules. Prospective Fund shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of investing in Fund Shares.

The Fund has not requested and will not request an advance ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) as to the federal income tax matters described below. The IRS could adopt positions contrary to those discussed below and such positions could be sustained. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors with regard to the federal tax consequences of the purchase, ownership or disposition of Shares, as well as the tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, foreign country or other taxing jurisdiction.

### **Tax Treatment of the Fund**

The Fund intends to qualify and elect to be treated as a separate “regulated investment company” under the Code. To qualify and maintain its tax status as a regulated investment company, the Fund must meet annually certain income and asset diversification requirements and must distribute annually at least 90% of its “investment company taxable income” (which includes dividends, interest and net short-term capital gains).

As a regulated investment company, the Fund generally will not have to pay corporate-level federal income taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes to its shareholders. If the Fund fails to qualify as a regulated investment company for any year (subject to certain curative measures allowed by the Code), the Fund will be subject to regular corporate level income tax in that year on all of its taxable income, regardless of whether the Fund makes any distributions to its shareholders. In addition, distributions will be taxable to the Fund’s shareholders generally as ordinary dividends to the extent of the Fund’s current and accumulated earnings and profits.

The Fund may be required to recognize taxable income in advance of receiving the related cash payment. For example, if the Fund invests in original issue discount obligations (such as zero coupon debt instruments or debt instruments with payment-in-kind interest), the Fund will be required to include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the term of the obligation, even if the related cash payment is not received by the Fund until a later year. Under the “wash sale” rules, the Fund may not be able to deduct a loss on a disposition of a portfolio security. As a result, the Fund may be required to make an annual income distribution greater than the total cash actually received during the year. Such distribution may be made from the cash assets of the Fund or by selling portfolio securities. The Fund may realize gains or losses from such sales, in which event its shareholders may receive a larger capital gain distribution than they would in the absence of such transactions.

The Fund will be subject to a 4% excise tax on certain undistributed income if the Fund does not distribute to its shareholders in each calendar year at least 98% of its ordinary income for the calendar year plus 98.2% of its capital gain net income for the twelve months ended October 31 of such year. The Fund intends to make distributions necessary to avoid the 4% excise tax.

### **Tax Treatment of Fund Shareholders**

*Fund Distributions.* In general, Fund distributions are subject to federal income tax when paid, regardless of whether they consist of cash or property or are re-invested in Shares. However, any Fund distribution declared in October, November or December of any calendar year and payable to shareholders of record on a specified date during such month will be deemed to have been received by each Fund shareholder on December 31 of such calendar year, provided such dividend is actually paid during January of the following calendar year.

Distributions of the Fund's net investment income (except, as discussed below, qualifying dividend income) and net short-term capital gains are taxable as ordinary income to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits. Distributions of the Fund's net long-term capital gains in excess of net short-term capital losses are taxable as long-term capital gain to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits, regardless of a Fund shareholder's holding period in the Fund's Shares. Distributions of qualifying dividend income are taxable as long-term capital gain to the extent of the Fund's current or accumulated earnings and profits, provided that the Fund shareholder meets certain holding period and other requirements with respect to the distributing Fund's Shares and the distributing Fund meets certain holding period and other requirements with respect to its dividend-paying stocks.

The Fund intends to distribute its long-term capital gains at least annually. However, by providing written notice to its shareholders no later than 60 days after its year-end, the Fund may elect to retain some or all of its long-term capital gains and designate the retained amount as a "deemed distribution." In that event, the Fund pays income tax on the retained long-term capital gain, and the Fund shareholder recognizes a proportionate share of the Fund's undistributed long-term capital gain. In addition, each Fund shareholder can claim a refundable tax credit for the shareholder's proportionate share of the Fund's income taxes paid on the undistributed long-term capital gain and increase the tax basis of the Shares by an amount equal to the shareholder's proportionate share of the Fund's undistributed long-term capital gains, reduced by the amount of the shareholder's tax credit.

Long-term capital gains of non-corporate Fund shareholders (*i.e.*, individuals, trusts and estates) are taxed at a maximum rate of 20%. In addition, Fund distributions of qualifying dividend income to non-corporate Fund shareholders qualify for taxation at long-term capital gain rates.

In addition, if applicable to a Fund shareholder, recent legislation imposes a new 3.8 percent Medicare contribution tax on net investment income. Please consult your tax advisor regarding this tax.

Investors considering buying Shares just prior to a distribution should be aware that, although the price of the Shares purchased at such time may reflect the forthcoming distribution, such distribution nevertheless may be taxable (as opposed to a non-taxable return of capital).

*Sales of Shares.* Any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Shares is treated generally as a long-term gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year. Any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Shares held for one year or less is generally treated as a short-term gain or loss, except that any capital loss on the sale of Shares held for six months or less is treated as long-term capital loss to the extent that capital gain dividends were paid with respect to the Shares.

*Creation Unit Issues and Redemptions.* On an issue of Shares of the Fund as part of a Creation Unit, an Authorized Participant recognizes capital gain or loss equal to the difference between: (i) the fair market value (at issue) of the issued Shares (plus any cash received by the Authorized Participant as part of the issue); and (ii) the Authorized Participant's aggregate basis in the exchanged securities (plus any cash paid by the Authorized Participant as part of the issue). On a redemption of Shares as part of a Creation Unit, an Authorized Participant recognizes capital gain or loss equal to the difference between: (i) the fair market value (at redemption) of the securities received (plus any cash received by the Authorized Participant as part of the redemption); and (ii) the Authorized Participant's basis in the redeemed Shares (plus any cash paid by the Authorized Participant as part of the redemption). However, the IRS may assert, under the "wash sale" rules or on the basis that there has been no significant change in the Authorized Participant's economic position, that any loss on creation or redemption of Creation Units cannot be deducted currently.

In general, any capital gain or loss recognized upon the issue or redemption of Shares (as components of a Creation Unit) is treated either as long-term capital gain or loss, if the deposited securities (in the case of an issue) or the Shares (in the case of a redemption) have been held for more than one year, or otherwise as short-term capital gain or loss. However, any capital loss on a redemption of Shares held for six months or less is treated as long-term capital loss to the extent that capital gain dividends were paid with respect to such Shares.

*Back-Up Withholding.* The Fund may be required to report certain information on a Fund shareholder to the IRS and withhold federal income tax ("backup withholding") at a 28% rate from all taxable distributions and redemption proceeds payable to the Fund

shareholder if the Fund shareholder fails to provide the Fund with a correct taxpayer identification number (or, in the case of a U.S. individual, a social security number) or a completed exemption certificate (e.g., an IRS Form W-8BEN in the case of a foreign Fund shareholder) or if the IRS notifies the Fund that the Fund shareholder is otherwise subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax and any amount withheld may be credited against a Fund shareholder's federal income tax liability.

*Special Issues for Foreign Shareholders.* If a Fund shareholder is not a U.S. citizen or resident or if a Fund shareholder is a foreign entity, the Fund's ordinary income dividends (including distributions of net short-term capital gains and other amounts that would not be subject to U.S. withholding tax if paid directly to foreign Fund shareholders) will be subject, in general, to withholding tax at a rate of 30% (or at a lower rate established under an applicable tax treaty). However, for Fund tax years that begin on or before December 31, 2013, interest related dividends and short-term capital gain dividends generally will not be subject to withholding tax; provided that the foreign Fund shareholder furnishes the Fund with a completed IRS Form W-8BEN (or acceptable substitute documentation) establishing the Fund shareholder's status as foreign and that the Fund does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the foreign shareholder would be subject to withholding tax if the foreign Fund shareholder were to receive the related amounts directly rather than as dividends from the Fund.

Recently enacted legislation, will subject foreign shareholders to U.S. withholding tax of 30% on all U.S. source income (including all dividends from the Fund) beginning in 2014, and gross proceeds from the sale of U.S. stocks and securities (including the sale of Fund Shares) beginning in 2017, unless they comply with certain newly-enacted reporting requirements. Complying with such requirements will require the shareholder, to provide and certify certain information about itself and (where applicable) its beneficial owners, and foreign financial institutions generally will be required to enter in an agreement with the IRS to provide it with certain information regarding such shareholder's account holders. Please consult your tax advisor regarding this tax.

To claim a credit or refund for any Fund-level taxes on any undistributed long-term capital gains (as discussed above) or any taxes collected through back-up withholding, a foreign Fund shareholder must obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and file a federal income tax return even if the foreign shareholder would not otherwise be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number or file a U.S. income tax return.

For a more detailed tax discussion regarding an investment in the Fund, and for special tax treatment on the sale and distribution by certain funds, please see the section of the SAI entitled "Federal Income Taxes."

## **TRANSACTION FEES**

Authorized Participants are charged standard creation and redemption transaction fees to offset transfer and other transaction costs associated with the issuance and redemption of Creation Units. The standard creation and redemption transaction fee is \$4,000. The standard creation transaction fee is charged to each purchaser on the day such purchaser creates a Creation Unit. The standard creation transaction fee is the same regardless of the number of Creation Units purchased by an investor on the same day. Similarly, the standard redemption transaction fee is the same regardless of the number of Creation Units redeemed on the same day. Authorized Participants who place creation orders through DTC for cash (when cash creations are available or specified) will also be responsible for the brokerage and other transaction costs of the Fund relating to the cash portion of such creation order. In addition, purchasers of Shares in Creation Units are responsible for payment of the costs of transferring securities to the Fund and redeemers of Shares in Creation Units are responsible for the costs of transferring securities from the Fund. Investors who use the services of a broker or other such intermediary may pay fees for such services.

## **CODE OF ETHICS**

The Trust, the Advisor, the Sub-Advisor, and the Distributor each have adopted a code of ethics under Rule 17j-1 of the Investment Company Act which is designed to prevent affiliated persons of the Trust, the Advisor, and the Sub-Advisor from engaging in deceptive, manipulative or fraudulent activities in connection with securities held or to be acquired by the Fund (which may also be held by persons subject to a code). There can be no assurance that the codes will be effective in preventing such activities. The codes permit personnel subject to them to invest in securities, including securities that may be held or purchased by the Fund. The codes are on file with the SEC and are available to the public.

## **FUND WEBSITE AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**

The Advisor maintains a website for the Fund at [www.precidianfunds.com](http://www.precidianfunds.com). The website for the Fund contains the following information, on a per-Share basis, for the Fund: (1) the prior business day's NAV; (2) the market closing price or the reported mid point of the bid-ask spread at the time of NAV calculation ("Bid-Ask Price"); and (3) a calculation of the premium or discount of the market closing price or the Bid-Ask Price against such NAV. In addition, on each business day, before the commencement of trading in Shares

on the NYSE Arca, the Fund will disclose on its website ([www.precidianfunds.com](http://www.precidianfunds.com)) the identities and quantities of the portfolio securities and other assets held by the Fund that will form the basis for the calculation of NAV at the end of the business day.

A description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities is available in the SAI.

### **DISCLAIMERS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

The Fund is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Nikkei Inc. Nikkei Inc. makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of Shares or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Fund particularly or the ability of the Fund to achieve its objectives. The Advisor is licensing, and then sub-licensing to the Trust, certain trademarks and trade names of Nikkei Inc. and of the Underlying Index, which is determined, composed and calculated by Nikkei Inc. without regard to the Fund. Nikkei Inc. has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Fund.

Nikkei Stock Average (the "NSA") is copyrighted material calculated in a methodology independently developed and created by Nikkei Inc., and Nikkei Inc. is the sole exclusive owner of the copyright and other intellectual property rights in the NSA itself and the methodology to calculate the NSA. All intellectual properties and any other rights in the marks indicating Nikkei and the NSA belong to Nikkei Inc. The Fund is managed and operated exclusively by the Advisor. Nikkei Inc. assumes no obligation or responsibility for the management, operation and transactions of the Fund. Nikkei Inc. is not obligated to continuously announce the NSA and is not liable for any error, delay, interruption, suspension or cessation of announcement thereof. Nikkei Inc. has the right to change the component stocks included in the NSA, the calculation methodology of the NSA or any other details of the NSA and has the right to suspend or cease the announcement of the NSA without owing any liability to any other third party.

Precidian Funds LLC does not guarantee the accuracy or the completeness of the Underlying Index or any data included therein and Precidian Funds LLC shall have no liability for any errors, omissions or interruptions therein. Precidian Funds LLC makes no warranty, express or implied, to the owners of Shares of the Fund or to any other person or entity, as to results to be obtained by the Fund from the use of the Underlying Index or any data included therein. Precidian Funds LLC makes no express or implied warranties and expressly disclaims all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to the Underlying Index or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, with respect to the Underlying Index in no event shall Precidian Funds LLC have any liability for any special, punitive, direct, indirect or consequential damages (including lost profits), even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

The Trust was organized as a Delaware statutory trust on August 27, 2010. Its Declaration of Trust currently permits the Trust to issue an unlimited number of Shares of beneficial interest. If shareholders are required to vote on any matters, each Share outstanding would be entitled to one vote. Annual meetings of shareholders will not be held except as required by the Investment Company Act and other applicable law. See the Fund's SAI for more information concerning the Trust's form of organization.

For purposes of the Investment Company Act, the Fund is a registered investment company, and the acquisition of Shares by other registered investment companies and companies relying on exemption from registration as investment companies under Section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act is subject to the restrictions of Section 12(d)(1) of the Investment Company Act, except as permitted by an exemptive order that permits registered investment companies to invest in the Fund beyond those limitations.

Precidian<sup>SM</sup> is a service mark of Precidian Funds LLC.

Nikkei<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Nikkei Inc. Nikkei Stock Average<sup>SM</sup> and the Nikkei 225<sup>SM</sup> are service marks of Nikkei Inc.

MAXIS<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi UFJ Asset Management Co., Ltd.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance from commencement of operations through March 31, 2015. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (lost) on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2015, is included in the annual report of the Fund and is available upon request.

	<b>MAXIS®</b>			
	<b>Nikkei 225 Index Fund</b>			
	<b>Year-Ended</b>	<b>Year-Ended</b>	<b>Year-Ended</b>	<b>July 8, 2011*</b>
	<b>March 31, 2015</b>	<b>March 31, 2014</b>	<b>March 31, 2013</b>	<b>through</b>
				<b>March 31, 2012</b>
<b>PER SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE</b>				
<b>(for a share outstanding throughout the period):</b>				
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b>	\$ 17.15	\$ 15.80	\$ 14.67	\$ 15.00
<b>Investment Operations:</b>				
Net investment income <sup>(a)</sup>	0.14	0.13	0.22	0.24
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	1.96	1.50	1.14	(0.48) <sup>(b)</sup>
Total investment operations	2.10	1.63	1.36	(0.24)
<b>Distributions:</b>				
Net investment income	(0.20)	(0.28)	(0.23)	(0.09)
Total distributions	(0.20)	(0.28)	(0.23)	(0.09)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b>	<u>\$ 19.05</u>	<u>\$ 17.15</u>	<u>\$ 15.80</u>	<u>\$ 14.67</u>
<b>Market value, end of period</b>	<u>\$ 19.06</u>	<u>\$ 17.10</u>	<u>\$ 15.80<sup>(c)</sup></u>	<u>14.76</u>
<b>Total Return:</b>				
Net asset value <sup>(d)</sup>	12.33%	10.38%	9.53%	(1.55)% <sup>(e)</sup>
Market value <sup>(f)</sup>	12.72%	10.07% <sup>(e)</sup>	8.85% <sup>(e)</sup>	(0.97)% <sup>(e)</sup>
<b>Ratios and Supplemental Data:</b>				
Ratio of expenses to average net assets	0.55%	0.53%	0.53%	0.53% <sup>(g)</sup>
Ratio of expenses to average net assets, net of reimbursement	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50% <sup>(g)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	0.83%	0.76%	1.58%	2.37% <sup>(g)</sup>
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$95,370	\$120,156	\$229,199	\$198,131
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(h)</sup>	3%	2%	— <sup>(i)</sup>	— <sup>(e)(i)</sup>

\* Commencement of investment operations.

- (a) Per share net investment income (loss) has been calculated using the average daily share method.
- (b) The amount shown for a share outstanding throughout the period is not in accordance with the aggregate net realized and unrealized gain (loss) for that period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of the Fund shares in relation to fluctuating market value of the investments in the Fund.
- (c) The market value return is for the period April 1, 2012 through March 28, 2013. The market price is from March 28, 2013. March 28, 2013 was the last day of NYSE Arca trading for the Fund's fiscal year. The NYSE Arca is the principal exchange on which the Fund's shares trade.
- (d) Net asset value total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption on the last day of the period at net asset value. This percentage is not an indication of the performance of a shareholder's investment in the Fund based on market value due to differences between the market price of the shares and the net asset value per share of the Fund.
- (e) Not annualized for periods less than one year.
- (f) Market value total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the market value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value during the period, if any, and redemption on the last day of the period at market value. Market value is determined by the official midpoint bid/ask from the NYSE Arca. Market value may be greater or less than net asset value, depending on the Fund's closing price on the listed market.
- (g) Annualized for periods less than one year.
- (h) In-kind transactions are not included in portfolio turnover calculations.
- (i) Less than 0.5%.

## PRIVACY POLICY

Precidian ETFs Trust is committed to respecting the privacy of personal information you entrust to us in the course of doing business with us.

The Trust may collect non-public personal information from various sources. The Trust uses such information provided by you or your representative to process transactions, to respond to inquiries from you, to deliver reports, products, and services, and to fulfill legal and regulatory requirements.

We do not disclose any non-public personal information about our customers to anyone unless permitted by law or approved by the customer. We may share this information within the Trust's family of companies in the course of providing services and products to best meet your investing needs. We may share information with certain third parties who are not affiliated with the Trust to perform marketing services, to process or service a transaction at your request or as permitted by law. For example, sharing information with companies that maintain or service customer accounts for the Trust is essential. We may also share information with companies that perform administrative or marketing services for the Trust, including research firms. When we enter into such a relationship, we restrict the companies' use of our customers' information and prohibit them from sharing it or using it for any purposes other than those for which they were hired.

We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect your personal information. Within the Trust, we restrict access to personal information to those employees who require access to that information in order to provide products or services to our customers such as handling inquiries. Our employment policies restrict the use of customer information and require that it be held in strict confidence.

We will adhere to the policies and practices described in this notice for both current and former customers of the Trust.



## Precidian ETFs Trust

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

If you would like more information about the Trust, the Fund and the Shares, the following documents are available free upon request:

#### Annual/Semi-Annual Report

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Fund's annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year. The Annual Report for the period ended March 31, 2015 is available to shareholders free of charge.

#### Statement of Additional Information

Additional information about the Fund and its policies is also available in the Fund's SAI. The SAI is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus (and is legally considered part of this Prospectus).

The Fund's annual and semi-annual reports (when available) and the SAI are available free of charge upon request by calling Precidian Funds LLC at 1-855-621-0930. You can also access and download the annual and semi-annual reports and the SAI at the Fund's website: <http://www.precidianfunds.com>.

To obtain other information and for shareholder inquiries:

By telephone:	1-855-621-0930
By mail:	Precidian ETFs Trust c/o Foreside Fund Services, LLC Three Canal Plaza, Suite 100 Portland, Maine 04101
On the Internet:	SEC Edgar database: <a href="http://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a> ; or The Trust: <a href="http://www.precidianfunds.com">www.precidianfunds.com</a>

You may review and obtain copies of Fund documents (including the SAI) by visiting the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C. You may also obtain copies of Fund documents, after paying a duplicating fee, by writing to the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520 or by electronic request to: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov). Information on the operation of the public reference room may be obtained by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090.

No person is authorized to give any information or to make any representations about the Fund and its Shares not contained in this Prospectus and you should not rely on any other information. Read and keep the Prospectus for future reference.

Dealers effecting transactions in the Fund's Shares, whether or not participating in this distribution, may be generally required to deliver a Prospectus. This is in addition to any obligation dealers have to deliver a Prospectus when acting as underwriters.

The Fund's investment company registration number is 811-22524.